

Region	Area for action	Local authority	Subcatchment code	Reasons for Selection
East & midlands	Moynalty	Meath	07_14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Salmonid river. • Potential for 'quick wins'. • Possible high nitrate areas which would help with TraC water nitrate reduction requirement. • Four deteriorated water bodies.
East & midlands	Lough Lene	Westmeath	07_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Headwaters to Lough Lene which has heritage values and is a popular designated bathing location. • Deteriorated water body. • Lough Lene failed to meet protected area objective for drinking water.
East & midlands	Boycetown	Meath	07_20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build on work completed by Meath County Council – stream walks completed on the lower portion: ~80 cattle access points were identified. • Two deteriorated water bodies.
East & midlands	Athboy	Meath	07_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Headwater tributaries to the Boyne main channel. • Long term challenge - five of the six water bodies are At Risk. • Building on work completed by Meath County Council to reduce nutrient concentrations in the river water body. • One deteriorated water body.
East & midlands	Nadreegeel	Cavan	07_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cavan/Monaghan lakes scenario project. • Headwaters to Nadreegeel Lough. • Potential 'quick win'. • Building on existing work completed by Cavan Co Co. • Will provide insight into question regarding river monitoring stations downstream of failing lakes. • A group water scheme here abstracts immediately upstream. • Public water abstraction. • One deteriorated water body.
East & midlands	Blackwater (Longwood)	Kildare Meath	07_16 07_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on work completed by Kildare County Council. • Opportunity to address spikes in ammonia from peat. • Headwaters of Blackwater (Longwood). • Opportunity to work with Bord na Mona (BnM) and Office of Public Works (OPW).
East & midlands	Sheelin (With Inny)	Meath	26F_6 26F_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subcatchment project • Headwaters of the River Inny. • One potential 'quick win'. • Building on improvements completed at Oldcastle WWTP. • Building on improvement works completed by Meath County Council - nutrient concentrations have declined in the last few years. • Building on IFI Lough Sheelin project. The lake is one of 13 wild brown trout fisheries in Europe and IFI. • The River Inny and Lough Sheelin are important for tourism & heritage. • Two deteriorated waterbodies.
East & midlands	Derravaragh	Westmeath	26F_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Three potential quick wins. • Building on existing work completed by Westmeath County Council in Multyfarnham. • Headwaters to Derravaragh lake. • Important fishery -- one of 13 wild brown trout fisheries in Europe. • Potential to build on work completed by IFI. • The underlying groundwater body is At Risk - potential to build on previous karst research. • Important for tourism & heritage. • Two deteriorated water bodies.
East & midlands	Lough Ennel	Westmeath	25A_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Important fishery - wild brown trout. • Building on restoration works completed by IFI. • Potential pilot hydromorphology project. • Important for angling tourism. • Feeder streams to Lough Ennell. • Socio economic benefit for town.
East & midlands	Gageborough	Westmeath	25A_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Joint County project. • Potential 'quick wins'. • Headwaters to river Gageborough. • One deteriorated water body.
East & midlands	Boora	Offaly	25A_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bog project to examine potential for improvement by rewetting, in collaboration with Bord na Mona. • Long term challenge. • Area important for tourism.
East & midlands	Silver (Kilcormac)	Offaly	25A_12 25A_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on existing work completed by Offaly County Council. • Build on works completed by IFI, in conjunction with Bord na Mona. • Headwaters to a High Ecological Status objective water body. • Three potential 'quick wins'. • Group water scheme in area. • One deteriorated water body.
East & midlands	Clareen	Offaly	25B_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on existing knowledge from works completed by Offaly County Council. • Manageable area. • Large Group water scheme in the area.

East & midlands	Little Brosna	Offaly	25B_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Little Brosna_040 returned to good in 2010-12. • S haravoge Bog is in the area; important raised bog. • Riverstown drinking water abstraction in area.
East & midlands	Dodder	Dublin City Dun Laoghaire Rathdown South Dublin	09_16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Will support improvement in the estuary. • Building on knowledge gained from a study on the Merrion Strand where a management plan is currently in progress between DCC and EPA. • Diffuse urban pilot that could be compared to results of Santry project. • Possibility to study historic landfill in the upper reaches and apply knowledge elsewhere. • Invasive species survey has been carried out which should be investigated further and include mitigation. • Further deterioration noted in 2016 chemical status which should be investigated. • Active community group (Dodder Action Group). • Flows into SAC and Dublin Bay Biosphere. • Important trout fishery, recruitment. Salmon in lower and ongoing work for removal of weirs to allow salmon to pass. • Important for recreation. Greenway proposed which would increase tourism. • Ringsend agglomeration is on the Irish Water investment programme.
East & midlands	Liffey Upper (pH Wicklow 1)	Wicklow	09_8 09_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An acid water project in the east. • Build on work completed by Wicklow County Council. • Headwaters to reservoir. • Important for recreation - active angling club in the area.
East & midlands	Morell	Kildare	09_14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pilot project to address issues and measures associated with quarries. • Important for salmonid recruitment on the Liffey. • Three potential quick wins. • Source of the Grand Canal. • Potential case study for considering the role of planning. • Rathmore stream_010 is a headwater stream to the river Morell and runoff in this area is resulting in bank erosion and siltation downstream. • Two deteriorated water bodies.
East & midlands	Clonshanbo/ Lyreen	Kildare	09_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on existing work, including stream works, completed by Kildare County Council and IFI. • Building on existing measures that have been put in place – fencing to prevent cattle access issues. There is a procedure in place to monitor the effectiveness of the fencing. • Three potential 'quick wins'. • One deteriorated water body. • A headwaters area.
East & midlands	Santry River	Dublin City	09_17	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi-disciplinary, cross-agency project. • DCC are looking to develop projects here for green infrastructure so would build on that existing investment. • Building on Irish Water work - a drainage area study was recently completed for the catchment. • Building on on-going work by Fingal County Council. • Urban project - measures could be implemented elsewhere. • Potential to work with fisheries for guidance on river restoration. • Includes a headwaters area. • Santry is currently negatively impacting on North Bull Island (SPA, SAC, pNHA, RAMSAR site, nutrient sensitive waters, UNESCO Biosphere). Improving status in the river will eliminate the impact of the river on North Bull Island. • Proposed Natural Heritage Area (Santry Demesne). • Contained within Dublin Bay Biosphere. • Active community groups in area.
East & midlands	Upper Tolka	Meath	09_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One Bad status water body where the pressure is known. • Headwaters of the river Tolka. • Potential to apply the results of the Santry Project here. • Building on decline in phosphate concentrations. • Important fishery, huge amenity for youth engagement with the Tolka anglers. • Four deteriorated water bodies.
East & midlands	Rogerstown Estuary	Fingal	08_6 08_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on improvements by IW, including sewer improvement in Turvey, installation of reed beds and discussion with Tesco on their facility. • Building on monitoring completed by Fingal County Council. • Discharges into two designated bathing waters (Portrane and Donabate). • Headwaters to Rogerstown Estuary. • Subcatchment project.
East & midlands	Lower Nanny	Meath	08_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pilot project to examine impact of tillage on poorly draining soils. • The Nanny Meath river discharges into coastal waters which have both designated bathing and shellfish areas. • Building on existing improvements by Irish Water at Duleek wastewater treatment plant. • One deteriorated water body.
East & midlands	Ashbourne	Meath	08_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pilot project to address urban diffuse pressures with focus on 500m stretch of Broadmeadow_020. • Building on work carried out by Meath and Irish Water to rehabilitate leaky sewers. • Small and manageable area with single pressure (urban diffuse).

East & midlands	Ow	Wicklow	10_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High Ecological Status ecological objective water body requiring improvement. • Building on work that is underway by Coillte. • Multi agency collaboration between Coillte, Wicklow County Council and the IFI.
East & midlands	Potters And Three Mile Water	Wicklow	10_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on improvements in Potters_010 – improved from Poor to Moderate between 2007-2009 and 2010-2015. • Building on existing knowledge in Wicklow County Council regarding farms and quarries in the area. • Building on improvements following completion of roadworks that were a pressure. • Good community engagement - there are 3 Group Water Schemes. • Discharges into Brittas Bay designated bathing waters. • A drinking water abstraction in Potters_010. • Potential for 'quick wins' in both water bodies.
East & midlands	Dargle And Carrickmines	Wicklow Dun Laoghaire Rathdown	10_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi agency cooperation between DLR, Irish Water, Inland Fisheries Ireland. • Building on completed and planned assessments on the Carrickmines Stream_010. • Building on Drainage Area Plan completed by Irish Water on Carrickmines Stream_010. • Carrickmines Stream_010 is a headwater stream to Shanganagh_010, which is at Good status. Dargle_010 is the headwaters to the River Dargle. • Dargle_010 has a High Ecological Status objective and has deteriorated. • Dargle_030 is a deteriorated water body with protected area objectives for salmonids.
East & midlands	Avonbeg-Avonmore (pH Wicklow 2)	Wicklow	10_10 10_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2nd pH project to link to the other Wicklow pH project. Four deteriorated water bodies. • Two High Ecological Status objective water bodies. Headwaters to the Avonbeg and Avonmore rivers.
East & midlands	Bunow	Tipperary Laois Offaly	25b_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build on ongoing work by Tipperary County Council. • Important for rural town (Roscrea) that it flows through.
East & midlands	Upper Boyne	Offaly	07_4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drinking water protected area for the largest amount of consumers (Water abstraction at Trim & Kishawanny boreholes which are the raw water for Edenderry Public supply). • Multiple pressures in multiple areas • Edenderry Area Drainage Plan due in 2021 so preparatory work could feed into it e.g. upgrades required for some pumping stations. • Cross County project • Building on existing knowledge from works completed by Offaly County Council. • Premier angling River
South eastern	Burren	Carlow	14_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flows into Carlow town - important for local amenity. • Subcatchment project. • Building on improvement works completed by Inland Fisheries Ireland. • One potential 'quick win'. • One <i>At Risk</i> High Ecological Status objective water body. • One deteriorated water body.
South eastern	Mountain	Carlow	14_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two water bodies are failing to meet protected area objectives for Freshwater Pearl Mussel (19 of 27 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). • Important fish habitat. • Recently formed community group. • Strong local tidy towns. • Native oak woodland at downstream end of the Mountain river. • Woodland riparian scheme to improve riparian zone around the native woodland. • Teagasc EIP looking at sheep farming practices. • Building on completed and ongoing works by Blackstairs farming group. • One deteriorated water body. • One potential 'quick win'.
South eastern	Graney-Lerr	Kildare Carlow (upper reaches of Palatine stream_	14_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential pilot project to examine nitrate sources from tillage. • Addressing a large portion of the eastern Barrow catchment. • Important Salmon run on this river. • Castledermot tidy towns are very active, an interested community group.
South eastern	Athy Stream	Kildare Laois	14_2 14_12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential pilot project to examine high nitrates and siltation from tillage (Athy_020). • Protected area objectives not met (Crayfish). • Athy_010 declined between 10-12 and 13-15. • One potential 'quick win'.
South eastern	Brownstown (Pococke)	Kilkenny	15_4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Important amenity value, close to the Kilkenny city. • First wetland to deal with diffuse urban issues. • Important for salmon spawning, potential to work with fisheries. • One deteriorated water body. • Protected area objective not met (crayfish).
South eastern	Duiske	Kilkenny	14_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Would bring entire subcatchment to Good status. • The Catchment Flood Risk and Management Plan (CFRAM) identified this river as potential for Natural Water Retention Measures (NWRM). • Two deteriorated water bodies. • One potential 'quick win'.
South eastern	Bregagh (Kilkenny)	Kilkenny	15_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amenity value - close to city where a linear park is planned. • Community group - actively removing invasive species and looking at starting a Rivers Trust. Also involved in Nore Vision Strategy. • Opportunity to address water quality and hydromorphology issues caused by a historical spill issue of PCBs.

South eastern	Dinin (South, Main And Muckalee)	Kilkenny Carlow	15_3 15_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active community groups in the area. • Important for salmon spawning. • Three potential 'quick wins'. • Three deteriorated water bodies. • One of the three deteriorated water bodies has a High Ecological Status objective.
South eastern	Nuenna	Kilkenny Laois (upper reaches of Lisdowney_010)	15_21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on completed upgrades at Freshford WWTP. • Potential pilot project to examine nitrate issues from pasture. • Lots of historical information from pathways project. • Potential to work with a recently established, active tidy towns group. • Six group water schemes in the area. Lots of ZOC work completed recently. • Two potential 'quick wins'. • Two of the three water bodies are deteriorated water bodies.
South eastern	Erkina	Laois	15_14 15_16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Groundwater abstraction at Durrow is failing for nitrates. • Potential to work with active community groups. • Important amenity – local groups are in the process of trying to establish a blueway. • Potential to work with active group water schemes. • Two deteriorated water bodies.
South eastern	Owveg (Nore)	Laois	15_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated water body. • Will restore all water bodies in the subcatchment to Good status. • One potential quick win.
South eastern	Ballyroan	Laois	15_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on improvements at the plant (Ballyroan hydraulically overloaded and works are due to be completed on the inlet works). • Discrete area, would build on the improvements in the adjacent subcatchment. • Deteriorated water body (Ballyroan_010). • Both Owveg and Ballyroan discharge into Freshwater Pearl Mussel water bodies.
South eastern	Portarlington	Laois Kildare (Barrow_090 only) Offaly	14_1 14_17	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on planned improvements at Portarlington WWTP (Barrow_080). • One deteriorated water body (Barrow_090). • Protected area objectives not met (Crayfish and salmonids) for two water bodies (Barrow_080 and Barrow_090). • Community interest. • One potential 'quick win'
South eastern	Ara	Tipperary	16_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • County town (Tipperary), with multiple pressures. Long term challenge - four water bodies with consistently Poor or Moderate status. • CFAM identified this river as potential for Natural Water Retention Measures (NWRM). • Headwater of the river Ara. • Local community group. Application for leader funding to transfer management of the river to the school/local community. • Potential to work with local co-operative.
South eastern	Borrisoleigh	Tipperary	16_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple pressures on stream that flows through Borrisoleigh town. Headwaters to the river Fishmoyne. • Strong local development association.
South eastern	Clashawley	Tipperary	16_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on work completed by Tipperary County Council. • Potential to work with community group. • Large water abstraction. • Potential to work IFI project. • Two deteriorated water bodies. • Three potential 'quick wins'.
South eastern	Lingaun	Tipperary	16_15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Would bring all water bodies in the subcatchment to Good status. • One deteriorated water body. • One water body that failed to meet protected area objective for drinking water (MCPA failure).
South eastern	Aherlow	Tipperary Limerick	16_20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on ongoing work by Inland Fisheries Ireland regarding a riparian management scheme. • Strong community groups. • Entire subcatchment project. • Headwaters of the river Aherlow. • Three water bodies are failing to meet protected area objectives for Salmonids. • Five deteriorated water bodies.
South eastern	Cloodagh (Portlaw)	Waterford	16_17	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Headwaters of the Cloodagh (Portlaw). • The only water body in the subcatchment that is less than Good status. • Not meeting protected area objective for Freshwater Pearl Mussel habitat (19 of 27 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). • Potential pilot project in an area with a high number of derogation farms.
South eastern	Johns	Waterford	16_19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Longer term challenge. • Discharges into the Middle Suir Estuary which is a Nutrient Sensitive Area that is not meeting its protected area objective. • Upstream of estuary where locals have reported mussel die off. • Building on planned Drainage Area Plan for Waterford city. • Building on upcoming biodiversity audit that Waterford County Council are funding. • Active community group with an interest in invasive species.

South eastern	Colligan-Bricky-Dungarvan Harbour	Waterford	17_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated water body that is discharging into Colligan estuary (moderate status). • One Poor status water body that is discharging into Bricky estuary, an estuary where macroalgae is increasing. • Opportunity to build on existing knowledge of Inland Fisheries Ireland and Irish Water regarding two unlicensed discharges from pumping stations at Moate and Ballynagaul in Killongford_010 into Dungarvan Harbour shellfish area. • Important fisheries (sea trout, sea bass, oyster industry). • Important for birds (SPA). • Active CLAMs (coordinated local aquaculture management) group in Newry. • Important habitat for natural oyster beds.
South eastern	Tay	Waterford	17_4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discharges into popular bathing area (Stradbally) • Discharges into an important sea bass fishery • One deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water body. • One potential 'quick win'.
South eastern	Dunhill	Waterford	17_1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on work completed by Waterford County Council. • Discharges into green coast bathing area. • Potential to coordinate with recent work: Integrated Constructed Wetland development, local community work to naturalise stream and biodiversity study completed by Irish Water. • One deteriorated water body.
South eastern	Sow	Wexford	12_15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential to utilise County Council involvement in local drainage schemes. • Important water abstraction - Wexford town and area north of Wexford. • Woodlands for water scheme is being developed in the area. • Important amenity area. • Opportunity to work with demonstration farm project. • Important heritage areas, such as Denvale, in the area. • Active community groups in the area. • One deteriorated water body. • Drinking water protected area objective not met.
South eastern	Wexford Coastal Lagoons	Wexford	13_4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bad status (Lady's island lake). • Building on ongoing research and work with Wexford CoCo. • Lady's island lake is an important heritage site and is the start of the Norman way on the ancient east trail. • Tacumshan Lake recently transferred to state ownership (NPWS). • Nature reserves, SAC, SPA, RAMSAR.
South eastern	Owenavorrigh	Wexford	11_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Longer term challenge. Ten water bodies, four of which are consistently Poor status. • Discharging into bathing water amenity (Courtown). • Teagasc Agriculture Catchments Programme catchment (Bracken_010) • Building on improvements completed in Gorey WWTP. • NHA in Gorey. • Very active community group in Ballycanew. • Two deteriorated water bodies. • Three potential 'quick wins'.
South eastern	Urrin	Wexford	12_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on completed and planned improvements from Enniscorthy upgrade works. • Three deteriorated water bodies. • Two of the three deteriorated water bodies are <i>At Risk</i> High Ecological Status objective water bodies. • One potential 'quick win'.
South eastern	Wexford Harbour	Wexford	12_15 12_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Estuary project. • Failing protected area objective: Shellfish area (Wexford harbour). • Building on work by Wexford CoCo. • SAC and SPA.
South eastern	Blackwater (Wexford)	Wexford	11_1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on work completed by Wexford County Council. • One deteriorated water body. • Discharging into bathing waters (Ballinesker and Curracloe).
South eastern	Bannow	Wexford	13_5 13_1 13_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bannow bay is failing to meet its Protected Area objective for shellfish. • Three deteriorated water bodies. • Building on ongoing work by Wexford County Council. • Active community groups. • Strong coast watch group. • Potential to work with local CLAM (coordinated local aquaculture management) scheme. • Most important sea trout fishery in the south of the county. • Important sea angling. • Important wild fowl in the bay. Preserving zoster grass, which geese feed on, and preventing it from being swamped by algae. • Two potential 'quick wins'.
South eastern	Waterford Harbour	Wexford	13_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Waterford Harbour Shellfish area has recently downgraded. Locals have commented on die off of the local mussel population. • Building on planned Irish Water works at Duncannon, Arthurstown, Ballyhack). • Building on completed and ongoing work by Wexford County Council. • Discharges into designated bathing area (Duncannon). • Important habitats, including the second largest Honeycomb coral habitat in Europe and wild shellfish fisheries.
South eastern	Slaney	Wicklow (Slaney_060 & 070) Carlow	12_16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on planned Irish Water improvements at Rathvilly. • Four deteriorated water bodies. • Failing protected area objective (salmon). • Water abstraction at Rathvilly. • Three potential 'quick wins'.

South eastern	Derreen And Douglas (Kiltegan)	Wicklow Carlow	12_9 12_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protected area objectives not met for Freshwater Pearl Mussel (19 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). Build on WWTP upgrades at Hacketstown. Active community group. Three of the five water bodies are deteriorated water bodies. One of the three deteriorated water bodies is a High Ecological Status objective water body. Three potential 'quick wins'.
South eastern	Derry-Coolboy-Rosnastraw	Wicklow Carlow (Derry_010 only)	12_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The most important tributaries on the Slaney for salmon spawning. Building on planned instream works by Inland Fisheries Ireland on Coolboy_010 at Coolattin estate. Three potential 'quick wins'. Eight deteriorated water bodies. One At Risk High Ecological Status objective water body. Derry_010 is failing its protected area objectives for drinking water (pesticides).
South western	Doonbeg System	Clare	28_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manageable area. Important for salmon and sea trout. Active community group in Doonbeg. One deteriorated water body.
South western	Lickeen System	Clare	28_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bad status lake Lickeen lake is an important trout fishery and former char lake. Active community group. Manageable area - small number of land owners. Two deteriorated water bodies. One water body (Lickeen lake) is failing to meet its protected area objectives for drinking water.
South western	Doo Lough And Annage	Clare	28_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Potential pilot project to examine impact from forestry. Freshwater Pearl Mussels were recently found here. Important salmon and sea trout fishery. Headwaters to Doo Lough. One deteriorated water body. One water body (Doo Lough) is failing to meet its protected area objective for MCPA.
South western	Aille (Clare)	Clare	28_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Opportunity to work with Integrated catchment management project (Grainne - Uisce Aille) Community interest due to the amenity value of the river. Unique habitat for fish surviving in the karst conduits. Important for tourism. Historic heritage value. Headwaters of the river Aille. One deteriorated water body.
South western	Lower Graney	Clare	25C_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amenity value in Scariff town. Biodiversity importance (Whooper Swan). One deteriorated water body.
South western	Inchiquin & Atedaun Lake	Clare	27_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Potential pilot project to examine nutrient impact in groundwater fed lakes in karst areas. Building on existing work completed by Inland Fisheries Ireland. Building on existing knowledge from research completed by Trinity College Dublin (David Drew) Opportunity to work with farmers including in the expanded BurrenLIFE scheme. Inchiquin is an important drinking water abstraction. Important fishery (trout) - top 8 in the country. Amenity value. Inchiquin is one of the 5 arctic char lakes in Clare, deep lake so good candidate for reintroduction due to depth.
South western	Shallee	Clare	27_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Part of Drumcliff Source protection zone. Building on existing knowledge from works completed by Clare County Council. Building on water quality improvements.
South western	Carrigaholt	Clare	27_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discharges into important shellfish area. Active community groups with an interest in beach improvement. Potential test case for agricultural measures and farm advisory measures. Important area for sea angling.
South western	Broadford	Clare	27_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building on existing work completed by Clare County Council. Manageable area: Q scores previously collected by Clare County Council on inputting tributaries will narrow the scope of work. One deteriorated water body.
South western	Bleach & Lough Graney	Clare Galway	25C_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cross county project. Important for brown trout angling. Opportunity to work with angling group in Woodford. Potential to collaborate with forestry. Would bring entire subcatchment to Good status. Information on investigative assessment and measures can be extrapolated to similar areas. One deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water body.
South western	Owentaraglin	Cork	18_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Opportunity to co-ordinate with Inland Fisheries Ireland who are working in the area and will be completing a stock assessment this year. Useful to help understand the High status deteriorated water bodies in the tributaries to the Blackwater. One High Ecological Status objective deteriorated water body. One potential 'quick win'.

South western	Allow	Cork	18_26	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failing to meet protected area objectives for Freshwater Pearl Mussel (19 of 27 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). • Build on proposed improvements at Kanturk WWTP • Life project on this water body - potential to build on previous work with Teagasc, NPWS, IFI. • Building on previous community and farmer engagement. • One deteriorated water body. • One potential 'quick win'.
South western	Ogeen	Cork	18_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failing to meet protected area objectives for Freshwater Pearl Mussel (19 of 27 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). • Opportunity for Forest Service and Coillte to work together. • Two deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water bodies. • Tributaries to main channel of the Awbeg, which is <i>At Risk</i>.
South western	Farahy	Cork	18_22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Community groups in the area. • Two deteriorated water bodies. • Tributaries to Funshion_050, a deteriorated HES objective water body.
South western	Upper Funshion	Cork	18_17	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on proposed improvements at Mitchelstown WWTP • Two water bodies are failing to meet protected area objectives for Freshwater Pearl Mussel (19 of 27 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). • Two deteriorated water bodies.
South western	Awbeg (Buttevant) West	Cork	18_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test case for drainage issues. • Upper reaches of subcatchment, headwaters to At Risk water bodies. • Failing to meet protected area objectives for Crayfish. • The IFI reported this is a good trout river. • Two deteriorated water bodies.
South western	Kilkeran Lagoon	Cork	20_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failing to meet protected area objectives for a Natura habitat (1150 coastal lagoon). • Active community group • Manageable area • High amenity area. • Heritage: close to Castlefreke castle.
South western	Clonakilty	Cork	20_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential estuary project • Building on proposed improvements for WWTP. • Small catchment discharging into estuary. • Headwaters flowing into Clonakilty harbour. • The coastal water body is failing to meet protected area objectives for bathing water. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Bandon Estuary	Cork	20_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential estuary project. • Lower Bandon estuary is failing to meet protected area objectives for Shellfish (Kinsale). • Building on proposed improvements at Bandon and Innishannon WWTP. • Headwater streams to Bandon estuary.
South western	Caha	Cork	20_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failing to meet protected area objectives for Freshwater Pearl Mussel (19 of 27 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). • Bandon rivers trust in the area. • Deteriorated HES objective water body.
South western	Rosscarbery	Cork	20_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rosscarbery harbour is unassigned but algal blooms have increased in size and frequency. • Building on proposed improvements at Cortmascherry and Timoleague WWTP • Headwater streams flowing directly into Rosscarbery Harbour and Bay.
South western	Allua	Cork	19_14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on proposed improvements at Ballingearry WWTP. • Opportunity to examine how to address water quality issues arising from agricultural practices on steep sloping rivers. • Active community groups that mentioned Lough Allua during public consultations. • Heritage: pre-Christian and monastic sites. • One deteriorated water body. • Lough Allua is failing to meet its protected area objectives for salmonids.
South western	Owenboy	Cork	19_15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on existing work completed by Cork County Council. • Opportunity develop appropriate measures for dealing with diffuse agriculture. • Two deteriorated water bodies. • Headwaters to Owenboy estuary which is <i>At Risk</i>.
South western	Martin	Cork	19_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on improvements as a result of the removal of pressures (completion of railway line improvement works) in the headwaters. • Headwaters and tributary to the main channel of the river Lee. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Bride (Cork City)	Cork	19_1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cork city. • Cork city council have completed work and have a good idea of issues - potential easy wins. • Pilot project in urban diffuse issues • Invasive species. • OPW flood relief scheme on the bride.
South western	Keel Foherish	Cork	19_4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi agency approach between Forestry Service, Coillte and Cork County Council. • Potential to examine impacts from wind farms. • Two deteriorated water bodies. • One of the deteriorated water bodies is a High Ecological Status objective water body.

South western	Carrigdrohid	Cork	19_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heavily Modified Water Body - opportunity to examine ecological potential, as opposed to status. • Potential to tie in with EPA project that will examine nutrient release from lake sediments. • Opportunity to tie in with management plan that is currently being developed for the Gearagh. • Opportunity to address fish passage at the dam. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Middleton	Cork	19_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential pilot project to examine links between groundwater in a karst aquifer to the overlying streams. • Important to address intermittent phytoplankton blooms in the estuary. • Headwaters to designated Shellfish Areas in Owenacurra Estuary and North Channel Great Island. • Middleton area is flagged for significant development. • One deteriorated water body. • One water body (Owenacurra_040) is failing to meet protected area objectives for drinking water.
South western	Glan	Cork	21_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on upcoming work by Cork County Council. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Lough Fadda/Ownagapp	Cork	21_16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Priority 8 Freshwater Pearl Mussel water bodies. • Upcoming European Innovation Partnership (EIP) scheme that could lead the project with support from Cork County Council. • Building on existing work completed by National Parks and Wildlife Services. • Building on current work by Forest Service and Coillte. • Two potential 'quick wins'.
South western	Adrigole	Cork	21_17	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Amenity value. • Important oyster, lobster and crab fisheries. • Adrigole Harbour is failing to meet protected area objectives for Shellfish. • One <i>At Risk</i> High Ecological Status objective water body.
South western	Woodford	Galway	25C_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential test case for community engagement when developing Integrated Constructed Wetlands. • Strong community and angling groups. • Contributes 3% of trout population to Lough Derg • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Upper Caragh	Kerry	22_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failing to meet protected area objectives for Priority 8 Freshwater Pearl Mussels. • Opportunity to work with KerryLIFE. • Important fishery - Arctic char are unusual genetically here. • High scenic value. • Headwaters to river Caragh. • Three <i>At Risk</i> High Ecological Status objective water bodies. • One potential 'quick win'.
South western	Milltown (Kerry)	Kerry	22_19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Headwaters discharging into Dingle Harbour. • Important for tourism. • Small area - easy to manage. • Two potential 'quick wins'. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Fahaduff And Upper Maine	Kerry	22_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build on proposed improvements at Castleisland WWTP. • Inland Fisheries Ireland reported two fish kills between 2013 - 2015. • Active community group • Ultimately discharges into Tralee shellfish area. • Maine is an important salmonid river.
South western	Deenagh	Kerry	22_1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Of interest from a planning perspective. • Build on work completed for the Lough Leane project. • Headwaters to Lough Leane. • One deteriorated water body. • One water body (Deenagh_010) is failing to meet its protected area objectives for salmon.
South western	Finow	Kerry	22_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project to examine impact from abstraction. • One deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water body. • Two water bodies failing to meet protected area objectives for salmon. • One potential 'quick win'. • Headwaters to Lough Leane. • High interest from Kerry County Council.
South western	Owenshagh	Kerry	21_15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated High Ecological Status objective deteriorated water body. • One potential 'quick win'. • Headwaters to Kilmakiloge Harbour shellfish area.
South western	Lough Currane	Kerry	21_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two water bodies are failing to meet protected area objectives for Priority 8 Freshwater Pearl Mussels. • Opportunity to work with Waterville rivers trust and interested local community. • Major sea trout and salmon fishery (unique sea trout) • One deteriorated water body. • Two <i>At Risk</i> High Ecological Status objective water bodies. • One potential 'quick win'.
South western	Inny	Kerry	21_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discharges into designated bathing area (Trá na hUíne (Inny Strand), Waterville) • Opportunity to work with Waterville rivers trust and interested local community. • Four deteriorated water bodies. • Two water bodies are failing to meet their protected area objectives for salmon.

South western	Owenmore	Kerry	23_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failing protected area objectives for Freshwater Pearl Mussels (populations listed in S.I. 296 of 2009). • Inland Fisheries Ireland reported that this is an important salmonid fishery. • Important for tourism. • Active community group. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Lee (Tralee) & Estuary	Kerry	23_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Headwaters to the Lee K and Tralee estuaries. • Tralee estuary is an important designated Shellfish area. • Potential project to address urban diffuse pressures and suitable measures. • Important for tourism - the possibility of opening a blueway is being examined. • Tralee Wetlands are an important tourism and environmental amenity. • Building on improvements at Tralee WWTP. • Lee K Estuary is failing to meet protected area objectives for Nutrient Sensitive Areas. • Two deteriorated water bodies.
South western	Feale	Kerry	23_13 23_4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Would bring entire 23_4 subcatchment to Good status. • Potential to work with local community groups that received LEADER Group funding. • Building on proposed improvements at Listowel WWTP. • One river water body is failing to meet protected area objectives for salmon. • One river water body is failing to meet protected area objectives for drinking water. • One transitional water body is failing to meet protected area objectives for Nutrient Sensitive Areas. • Headwaters to Upper Feale estuary, • Four deteriorated water bodies. • One At Risk High Ecological Status Objective water body.
South western	Tyshe	Kerry	23_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discharges into designated bathing waters (Banna strand). • Building on improvements from upgrade to Ardfert WWTP. • Headwaters to <i>At Risk</i> High Ecological Status objective coastal water body.
South western	Lough Gur	Limerick	24_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opportunity to work with a strong group water scheme here. Many farmers in the area are members of the scheme • Active community and angling groups. • High recreational and amenity value. • Important for biodiversity and heritage.
South western	Camoge	Limerick	24_12 24_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shared ground with the Corcas. • Build on improvements as a result of in stream works completed by Inland Fisheries Ireland. • Headwaters of the river Camoge. • Active angling clubs. • One potential 'quick win'. • Two deteriorated water bodies.
South western	Owvane	Limerick	24_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential to build on improvement works completed by Inland Fisheries Ireland. • Two potential 'quick wins'. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Drumcomoge	Limerick	24_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi-agency effort/cross county opportunity. • Headwaters to the Camoge which is already a project. • Similar issues to the Arra WRAA. • Another test case for poorly drained soils • Good tidy towns group that could be incorporated (Emly)
South western	Groody	Limerick	25D_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on improvement to fishery; salmon has returned to the lower section of the river. • Zoned for amenity use in Local Area Plan. • Active community interest, including Caherconlish tidy towns. • Urban stream. • Potential to tie in with Limerick regeneration project. • One potential 'quick win'.
South western	Mulkear (Limerick)	Limerick	25D_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on completed and ongoing work by the MulkearLIFE project. • Building on improvements from in-stream works. • Important trout spawning streams. • Failing to meet protected area objective for salmon. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Upper Deel	Limerick Cork	24_15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi-agency approach between Cork and Limerick. • Pilot project for the very poorly draining soils in Limerick • There is the potential for a rivers trust here • Community involvement, including active tidy towns group. • The Deel is a good trout fishery • Two deteriorated water bodies.
South western	Toem And Cappawhite	Tipperary	25D_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opportunity to look at integration of planning and forestry activities. • Potential to link with the Mulkear After LIFE Plan • Important salmon spawning rivers. • Headwaters to the river Dead. • One deteriorated water body.
South western	Inch (Bilboa)	Tipperary	25D_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opportunity to look at integration of planning and forestry activities. • Headwaters of one of the most important spawning streams in the system. • One deteriorated water body. • Water body is not meeting protected area objectives for Salmon.
South western	Dead And Cauteen	Tipperary	25D_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Headwaters to the river Cauteen and the river Dead. • Strong local farming involvement • Opportunity to build on awareness initiatives by Limerick County Council.

South western	Lower Nenagh And Clar	Tipperary	25C_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Active angling group. •Opportunity to build on work completed by Tipperary County Council. •Important trout fishery, Nenagh trout have very high genetic biodiversity. •One potential 'quick win'.
South western	Ballyfinboy (Upper)	Tipperary Offaly	25C_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Building on improvement works completed by Inland Fisheries Ireland. •Headwaters of the Ballyfinboy river. •Building on research completed by Queens which looked at genetics of trout in Ballyfinboy.
South western	Lorrha Stream	Tipperary	25C_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Building on existing work by Tipperary County Council. •Manageable area. •Headwaters to Lough Derg. •Two potential 'quick wins'.
South western	Glenaboy	Waterford	18_19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Test case for diffuse urban issues. •Building on existing work by IFI. •Headwater tributary to the main channel of the Bridge (Blackwater) •One deteriorated water body.
South western	Licky	Waterford	18_27	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Failing to meet protected area objectives for Freshwater Pearl Mussel (19 of 27 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). •Building on existing work by Inland Fisheries Ireland. •Heritage: St Declans trail crosses the river Licky. •One deteriorated water body.
Western	Dawros	Galway	32_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Includes top 8 Freshwater Pearl Mussel water body. •Includes headwaters to top 8 Freshwater Pearl Mussel water body •Building on improvements made with respect to forestry activities and septic tanks systems. Two At Risk High Ecological Status objective water bodies. •One deteriorated water body. •One protected area objective not met: 3110 (Oligotrophic lake).
Western	St Clerans Stream	Galway	29_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Kilcolgan river ultimately flows into the Clarinbridge/Kinvarra shellfish area which failed to meet its protected area objectives. •Active community groups with a keen interest in improving water quality. •Four deteriorated water bodies in the headwaters to the shellfish area. Linked with 29_5.
Western	Radford	Galway	29_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Kilcolgan river ultimately flows into the Clarinbridge/Kinvarra shellfish area which failed to meet its protected area objectives. •Active community groups with a keen interest in improving water quality. •Two deteriorated water bodies in the headwaters to the shellfish area. •Linked with 29_9.
Western	Owenriff	Galway	30_14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Three <i>At Risk</i> water bodies: top 8 Freshwater Pearl Mussel water bodies. •Two <i>At Risk</i> High Ecological Status objective water bodies. •One deteriorated water body. •Headwaters flowing into the Corrib.
Western	Failmore	Galway	30_15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Test case for examining deteriorated water bodies in areas of low human activity. •One deteriorated High Ecological Status objective river water body. •Two deteriorated High Ecological Status lake water bodies •Headwaters flowing into the Corrib.
Western	Recess	Galway	31_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Possible quick win - limited extent of pressures. •One deteriorated water body. •Headwaters.
Western	Cashla	Galway	31_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Test case for consideration of possible windfarm development impact. •One deteriorated High Ecological Status objective river water body. •Headwaters to Casla Bay.
Western	Island	Galway	26D_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Two recently deteriorated water bodies. •One At Risk High Ecological Status objective water body. •Building on recent incident response work by Inland Fisheries Ireland. •GSI source protection report is available. •Subcatchment headwaters.
Western	Castlegar	Galway	26D_11, 26D_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Building on proposed improvements at Mountbellew WWTP. •One deteriorated water body.
Western	Suck	Galway	26D_2, 26D_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •MCPA issue at the drinking water abstraction on Suck_140. Need to rule out tribs before entering Suck to identify sources of MCPA. •Two deteriorated water bodies.
Western	Ballinure	Galway	26D_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Recent deterioration. •Potential quick win. •Manageable area.
Western	Killukin/S hannon	Leitrim	26C_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Building on recent optimisation work at Carrick on Shannon WWTP. •Building on improvements in status, two water bodies improved from Poor to Moderate. •One water body didn't meet drinking water objective. •Headwaters

Western	Lough Rinn/Forbes	Leitrim	26C_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lough Rinn is a centre of excellence for rowing (1million euro invested). Lough Rinn is important for Tourism. Building on improvements: Lough Rinn has improved from Bad to Moderate. Building on planned improvements at Mohill WWTP. Lough Rinn is DWPA with MCPA issues. River water bodies are headwaters to the Lough Rinn
Western	Camlin	Longford	26C_6 26C_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Potential river restoration project. To be completed in collaboration with IFI. Primary spawning area for Lough Ree and contributor to trout stock in Lough Ree. Headwaters of the Camlin. Socio economic value - the Camlin flows through Longford town. One potential 'quick win'.
Western	Carrowmore	Mayo	33_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Important for Inland Fisheries Ireland. Important for Mayo CoCo: fishery, tourism amenity, drinking water abstraction. Building upon previous work: farm inspections and improving forestry practices. One water is failing to meet its protected area objective for drinking water.
Western	Ballinglen	Mayo	33_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Important non designated bathing water area. Important non designated salmonid area. Two deteriorated water bodies. Headwaters.
Western	Bundorragh	Mayo	32_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Possible quick win - just deteriorated. One deteriorated water body. One At Risk High Ecological Status objective water body. One Review High Ecological Status objective water body. Two water bodies failing to meet protected area objectives for Freshwater Pearl Mussel. Headwaters to Killary Harbour shellfish area.
Western	Nepin Beg/ Owengarve	Mayo	32_4, 32_2, 32_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building on proposed EIP application and strong community groups. Building on improving forestry practices being implemented by the Forest Service and Coillte. Four deteriorated water bodies.
Western	Louisburgh Bunowen	Mayo	32_1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building on improvements at Louisburgh WWTP. Discharges into designated bathing water (Carrowmore Beach, Louisburgh) One water body is failing to meet protected area objectives for drinking water.
Western	Newport	Mayo	32_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building on existing work: Local Authority has been active in the catchment already, with respect to agricultural pressures. Two deteriorated water bodies. Two At Risk High Ecological Status objective water bodies. One protected area objective not met: salmon and Freshwater Pearl Mussel (19 of 27 catchments of S.I. 296 2009). Headwaters to Freshwater Pearl Mussel habitat.
Western	Lough Mask And Carra	Mayo	30_16, 30_17, 30_7, 30_3, 30_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carra habitat - unique to Europe. Research project to happen on Lough Carra (2019). Tourism area. Eleven deteriorated water bodies. Three At Risk High Ecological Status objective water bodies. Lough Mask is an important drinking water source.
Western	Glenree	Mayo	34_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> It is suspected that deterioration was event based and that focussed efforts should be able to return the water body to high status relatively quickly. One At Risk High Ecological Status objective deteriorated water body. Headwater to Not at Risk High Ecological Status objective water body.
Western	Owengarve Charleston	Mayo	34_18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building on planned improvements at Charlestown WWTP. One deteriorated water body. One At Risk High Ecological Status objective water body. Headwater to Not at Risk High Ecological Status objective water body.
Western	Cloonlavis/Glore	Mayo	34_4, 34_15,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local authority currently working to address water quality issues associated with agriculture. Two deteriorated water bodies. One At Risk High Ecological Status objective water body. One water body failing to meet protected area objectives for drinking water (MCPA). Two At Risk water bodies with protected area objectives for Salmon. Subcatchment headwaters.
Western	Cullin/Crumlin	Mayo	34_5, 34_12, 34_20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lough Cullin is important for both tourism and drinking water. Two deteriorated water bodies. One deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water body.
Western	Castlebar/Lannagh	Mayo	34_22, 34_21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Important public amenity. Building on improvements completed at Castlebar WWTP. One deteriorated water body. One At Risk High Ecological Status objective water body. Two water bodies with Natura designations for salmon. One water body with Natura designations for crayfish.
Western	Upper And Lower Deel	Mayo	34_8 34_14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High priority for Inland Fisheries Ireland. Building on peatland restoration. One deteriorated water body. Two At Risk water bodies that are failing to meet protected area objectives for crayfish.

Western	Carricknabraher	Roscommon	26B_1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on completed improvements at Frenchpark WWTP. • Building on existing work on poorly draining soil. • Contributing to Lough Gara drinking water source which is failing its drinking water objectives for glyphosate. • Two deteriorated water bodies. • Headwaters that ultimately flow into Lough Gara.
Western	Tulsk	Roscommon	26C_12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on Group Water Scheme work at Scramoge_010. • Building on recent WWTP (Tulsk and Environs) improvements. • Four deteriorated water bodies. • Headwaters to Scramoge_030, a Good status water body.
Western	Jiggy/Hind	Roscommon	26E_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building work completed by Roscommon County Council to address diffuse urban pollution. • Potential 'quick win' in the upper reaches of the subcatchment. • One deteriorated water body. • Headwaters flowing into Lough Rinn.
Western	Clooneigh	Roscommon	26E_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manageable area to focus measures. • Two potential 'quick wins'. • Two deteriorated water bodies. • Headwaters flowing into Lough Rinn.
Western	Lough Key	Roscommon	26B_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Important for tourism. • Two deteriorated water bodies, Lough Key and Boyle_040
Western	Tubbercurry	Sligo	34_16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on planned improvements at Tubbercurry WWTP. • Subcatchment headwaters. • One At Risk High Ecological Status objective water body. • One deteriorated water body.
Western	Bellawaddy	Sligo	34_11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated water body. • Discharges into designated bathing water (Inishcrone beach). • Important for tourism.
Border	River Finn	Donegal	1_2, 1_3, 1_7, 1_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Five deteriorated Water bodies. • Three water bodies on the main channel only dropped to less than Good status in the last monitoring cycle. • Starts at the Headwaters. • Supports salmonid and SAC protected areas • Build on planned improvements in Ballybofey/Stranorlar WWTP upgrade. • Cross Border Partnership with Loughs Agency on-going. • Supports improvement of the Foyle-Faughan estuary
Border	St Johnstons	Donegal	1_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated Water body. • Build on completed St Johnstons WWTP improvements, restore 1 deteriorated WB. • Possible quick win • Supports improvement of the Foyle-Faughan estuary.
Border	Donegal Sw & Murlins	Donegal	37_4, 38_4 (part)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eight deteriorated Water bodies. • One of the deteriorated water bodies has a High Ecological Status objective that is not being met. • Assess and develop strategies to mitigate toxic impacts that are likely to be from sheep dip. • Represents a county and possible national issue. • Long term challenge requiring cross agency approach.
Border	Laghy Stream - Bridgetown	Donegal	37_1, 37_2 (part)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water body. • Starting at the headwaters • Multiple Pressures that can be examined at the same time. • Assessing water quality of unassigned water bodies feeding into Durnesh Lough. • Recent deterioration in two water bodies so might represent a quick win scenario.
Border	Lough Eske	Donegal	37_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Five Deteriorated water bodies. • One of the deteriorated river water bodies is a High Ecological Status objective water body. • All deteriorated water bodies in this area for action have dropped in status in the last monitoring cycle and so there may be possibilities for quick wins. • Same pressures in a number of the river water bodies feeding into the lake so similar investigations possible. • MCPA in drinking water abstraction from Lough Eske linked with agricultural activity around the lake. • Possibility to improve SAC.
Border	Glen Lackagh	Donegal	38_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated River Water Body • Single Pressure. • Build on Improvement to Good noted at one of the monitoring locations so only small stretch driving status. • Support FPM (not top 8)

Border	Leannan	Donegal	39_5, 39_7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two Deteriorated water bodies, one of which is a High Ecological status objective water body. • Four At Risk water bodies are not meeting their Protected Area objective. • Freshwater Pearl Mussel and salmonid catchment. • Build on Ramelton and Milford WWTP planned upgrades as well as forestry and agricultural improvements. • Opportunity for community engagement. • Starting at the Headwaters • Incorporating three unassigned lakes and one unassigned river water bodies. • Multiple pressures that can be investigated at the same time. • Build on status improvements of two of the tributaries. • Supports improvement of the S willy estuary.
Border	Roosky	Donegal	40_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated water body. • Possibility to build on the improvement in Status of one water body. • Small geographical area. • Multiple pressures that can be investigated at the same time.
Border	Donagh	Donegal	40_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One Deteriorated High Ecological status objective water body. • Starting in the Headwaters. • Multiple pressures incorporating both rural and urban areas.
Border	Mountain (Water) & Emy Lake	Monaghan	3_2 3_4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build on improvements in two water bodies. • Rivers Trust in operation. • Group water scheme present. • Communities project in Mountain Water _040 which is looking at the hydromorphology issue.
Border	Glyde-Proules	Monaghan Louth	6_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Five deteriorated water bodies. • One of the deteriorated water bodies, Glyde_050, is also not meeting its Protective Area objective. • Build on recent improvements in two water bodies. • Upgrade works are planned for Carrickmacross WWTP.

Border	Kilmainham (Dee)	Meath	6_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restore deteriorated water body
Border	Castletown	Louth NIEA	6_2 6_12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated river water body, Castletown_030. • Build on recent improvements in the two water bodies upstream feeding into Castletown_030. • Improvements would benefit Castletown estuary. • Cross Border Partnership may be required.
Border	Big (Louth)	Louth	6_9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Desk study into abstraction regime. • Was at High status in the recent past. • Engagement possibilities with interested farmers in the area.
Border	Lough Allen	Leitrim	26a_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple pressures which can be investigated at the same time. • Long term challenge requiring cross agency approach.
Border	Maghery	Monaghan	36_17	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated river water body. • Starting in the headwaters. • Multiple pressures which can be investigated at the same time. • A mixture of possible quick win and longer term challenge.
Border	Duff	Leitrim Sligo	36_28	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water bodies that deteriorated recently to Good in the 2013-2015 monitoring cycle. • Starting in the headwaters. • Multiple pressures which can be investigated at the same time. • Possibility of a quick win.
Border	Erne	Cavan	36_8 36_21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two deteriorated water bodies both of which have recently dropped in status to Poor in the 2013-2015 monitoring cycle. • Work planned by Cavan Co. Co. and potential to build on findings. • Starting in the headwaters. • Multiple pressures which can be investigated at the same time. • Two unassigned lake water bodies in the upper Erne system to be included to determine water quality.
Border	Avaghlon	Monaghan	36_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build on existing work by County Council who have a good understanding of the significant pressures.
Border	Cullies	Cavan	36_19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated water body which recently dropped in status to Poor in the 2013-2015 monitoring cycle. • Starting at the headwaters. • Multiple pressures which can be investigated at the same time. • Build on work undertaken by County Council including • Septic tank awareness programme. • May link to Source protection study with raw water monitoring on going.
Border	Kilroosky Lough Cluster	Monaghan NIEA	36_14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One deteriorated lake water body. • Three unassigned lake water bodies in the Kilroosky Special Area of Conservation. • Monaghan Co. Co. Heritage officer working to source funds to look at water pollution in this cluster of lakes. • NIEA undertaking work on northern side of border, Cross Border Partnership on-going.
Border	Lough Melvin And Drowse	Leitrim NIEA	36_20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One Deteriorated water body, Drowse_010, with a Protected Area objective that is not being met. This water body recently dropped in status to Moderate in the 2013-2015 monitoring cycle. • Lough Melvin is also not meeting its Protected Area objective. • Previous catchment management plan in this area which can be built on and may inform and focus investigation. • Six unassigned river water bodies that flow into Lough Melvin are included to determine the respective water quality which may be impacting on the lake. • Community engagement possibilities in the area. • Long term challenge requiring cross agency approach. • Cross Border Partnership required.
Border	Templeport	Cavan	36_6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build on recent action by Cavan Co. Co. relating to a direct discharge to Templeport Lake Stream. • Bunerky Lake included as it has similar pressures to the river water body. • The two water bodies included in the recommended action area are the only water bodies that are less than Good in this subcatchment. • Improvements in these water bodies may protect the current High status in the Blackwater(Newtowngor)_020 river water body.
Border	Roo	Cavan	36_24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One Deteriorated water body which was previously at High status. • County council familiar with pressures in the area. • Little activity and significant pressure point could be easy to identify. • Possibility of Quick win
Border	Yellow (Ballinamore)	Leitrim	36_15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water body was at Good status in the 10-12 monitoring cycle. • Single significant pressure identified. • Possibility of Quick win
Border	Annalee	Cavan	36_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single significant pressure identified in this water body. • This is the only water body in this subcatchment that is at less than Good status. • Fish status driving ecological status with all other determinants at Good.
Border	Clonmany	Donegal	40_1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Similar pressures and issues in all water bodies in the subcatchment. • Whole subcatchment action area starting from the headwaters. • Build on improvements in the Clonmany WWTP.

Border	Malin	Donegal	40_3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Two deteriorated water bodies both of which have previously been Good status. •Same multiple significant pressures in the deteriorated water bodies selected in this action area.
Border	Lough Nastackan	Donegal	40_4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Two deteriorated water bodies. •One of the deteriorated water bodies has a High Ecological Status objective. •Both deteriorated water bodies were previously at High status. •Individual water bodies with no inflowing water bodies. •Same single significant pressure in both water bodies.
Border	Unshin	Sligo	35_2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Three deteriorated water bodies. •Two of the deteriorated water bodies have a High Ecological Status objective while the other has a Protected Area objective that is not being met. •The two deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water bodies recently dropped in status to Good in the 2013-2015 monitoring cycle. •Possibility of Quick win
Border	Owenmore/ Templehouse Lake	Sligo	35_5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Three deteriorated water bodies. •One of the deteriorated water bodies has a High Ecological Status objective while another has a Protected Area objective that is not being met. •There is also another At Risk water body in this action area that is not meeting its Protected Area objective. •There is an Unassigned/Review water body that has a Protected Area objective that is included. •Starting at the headwaters. •Multiple pressures which can be investigated at the same time.
Border	Upper Bonet	Leitrim	35_8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Two deteriorated water bodies both of which have a High Ecological Status objective . •The deteriorated High Ecological Status objective water bodies recently dropped in status to Good in the 2013-2015 monitoring cycle. •Important salmon spawning grounds. •Build on improvements in the Manorhamilton WWTP. •Multiple pressures which can be investigated at the same time. •Possibility of quick win.
Border	Lough Gill	Leitrim/ Sligo	35_10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Two deteriorated water bodies. •Both of the deteriorated water bodies have a High Ecological Status objective as well as a Protected Area objective that is not being met. •Multiple pressures which can be investigated at the same time. •Previous Water Quality management plan which may inform and focus investigation. •River water body has only deteriorated at one of the two monitoring stations downstream of Lough Gill and so investigation area can be easily targeted. •Possible mix of short and long term challenges.
Border	Glencar Lake	Leitrim/ Sligo	35_13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Deteriorated lake water body. •All other water bodies in the subcatchment are at least Good status. •Amenity value and visitor attraction.